KAMONYI DISTRICT

HOLYDAYS WORK OF LITERATURE IN ENGLISH

LEVEL: 4

COMBINATIONS: - HG

Instructions to candidates:

- 1) Do not open this paper until you are told to do so
- 2) This paper consists of three sections: A, B and C
- 3) Use a blue or black pen

Section A: Prose and Poetry

- 1. Attempt the following questions on key terms related to prose. /10 marks (2 marks each)
 - a) What do you understand by the term novel?
 - b) What is a short story in literature?
 - c) Plot can be both linear and circular. Explain that.
 - d) Elaborate on point of view in literature.
 - e) Compare themes to messages in a piece of writing.
- 2. Attempt the following questions on key terms related to poetry. /10 marks
 - a) what do you understand by the term epigram in poetry?
 - **b)** What is satire?
 - c) What is A haiku?
 - d) What is Tanka?
 - e) Discuss poetic language.

3. Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow.

Acquired immune Deficiency Syndrome is a communicable disease caused by the Human Immunodeficiency Virus. HIV is spread mainly through sexual contact between a man and a woman. In addition, around on third of babies born to HIV infected women will be infected at birth or through breast feeding. The risk of transmission of the virus from mother to baby is reduced by antiretroviral drugs. Infection through contact with HIV-infected blood, intravenous drug use and homosexual sex does occur, but constitutes a very small proportion of all infections. Blood transfusion is thoroughly screened and the chances of infections from transfusion are extremely low. People do not develop AIDS as soon as they are infected with HIV. Most experience long period of around five to eight years during which they feel well and remain productive members of families and work forces. In this asymptomatic period, they can pass their infection on the other without realizing that they are HIV infected.

During the asymptomatic period, the virus gradually weakens the infected person's immune system, making it increasingly difficult to fight off other infections. Symptoms start to occur and people develop conditions such as skin rashes, chronic diarrhea, weight loss, fevers, swollen lymph glands and

certain cancers. Many of these problems can be prevented or treated effectively. Although these infections can be treated, the underlying HIV infection cannot be cured. Once HIV-infected people have severe infection or cancer (a condition known as symptomatic AIDS), they usually die within 1 to 2 years. The estimated average time from HIV infection to death n Sub Sahar Africa is 6 to 10 years. Many HIV infected people progress to AIDS and death in much shorter periods. Some live for 10 years or more with minimal health problems, but virtually all will eventually die of AIDS. HIV-infected babies generally survive for shorter periods than HIV adults. Many die within two years of birth, and most will die before they turn five. However, a significant number can survive even into their teenage years before they develop AIDS.

No cure for HIV infection is available at present. Any cure, if discovered, may be well unaffordable for most Africans

Answer the following questions by encircling the letter which corresponds with the correct answer./20 marks/2 marks each

- 1) In how many ways is HIV transmitted according to the story? a. Four b. five c. sic d. seven
- 2) What is the most common medium of HIV transmission?
 - a. Unprotected sex b. intravenous drug c. homosexuality d. blood transfusion
- 3) The following are precautions of avoiding HIV infection except:
 - a. Abstaining from sexual intercourse b. avoiding kissing someone with HIV on the lips c. keeping faithful to your partner d. using a condom
- 4) When is the HIV- infected person likely to develop AIDS symptoms?
 - a. As soon as he/she is infected b. during the asymptomatic period c. before the asymptomatic period d. after the asymptomatic period
- 5) What is the difference between HIV and AIDS?
 - a. AIDS is the symptomatic stage of HIV B. AIDS is the Human Immunodeficiency Virus C. HIV is the cause and AIDS is the effect d. HIV can be cured but AIDS cannot.
- 6) Which of the following is not an AIDS symptom?
 - a. Dehydration b. malaria c. skin rashes d. growing thin
- 7) What is true about HIV/AIDS?
 - A. AIDS Symptoms can be treated b. an infected person cannot live after 10 years c. A mosquito will spread HIV after biting an infected person
- 8) An HIV- infected person is susceptible to various illnesses because he/she:

- a. Has reached the asymptomatic period b. had sexual intercourse with an infected person c. had developed a weak immune system d. cannot control his/her sexual behavior.
- 9) The most important message from the story is:
 - a. Pregnant women should take antiretroviral drugs b. an HIV-positive should eventually die. C. People do not develop AIDS as soon as they are infected with HIV D. The cure for HIV is very expensive.
- 10) What is the most suitable title for the story?
 - a. AIDS is a killer disease b. the cause and effects of HIV/AIDS
 - b. No cure for HIV
 - c. Prevention of HIV/AIDS

4. Read the poem below and answer the questions set on it

They drive me along,

They do they do,

These my brothers no longer brothers

Their hands are whips, along they drive me,

No longer am I the same mother's child

They push me along,

Indeed, they do

These my sisters no longer sisters

Their mouths are cannons, spittle of fire,

No longer am I the same father's pride

They kick me along,

They do they do,

These my playmates no longer playmates

Their actions are fates, my life they decide,

No longer am I the same free-born human

They abuse me,

They do time and again'

Fellow humans load me with all their bundles

They are my masters, and me a poor ass,

To be driven, pushed, kicked and abused

QUESTIONS/20 marks (4 marks each)

- 1. Suggest the possible title for this extract.
- 2. How many stanzas does the poem contain?
- 3. The poem displays exploitation. Support this view.
- 4. The persona is hopeless in the poem. Prove this.
- 5. Show where METAPHOR has been used in this version.

SECTION B: PLAYS

4) Explain the following terms as related to drama:/ 10 marks

- a. What do you know of setting in drama? (2marks)
- b. What do you understand by flashback and foreshadowing? (4 marks)
- c. Discuss two main types of plot. (4 marks)

5) QUESTIONS FROM ANIMAL FARM (20 MARKS)

- a. Who wrote Animal Farm?
- **b.** Why is **Animal Farman** allegory?
- c. How does Napoleon seize power?
- d. Account for the theme of corruption in Animal Farm.
- e. Discuss the theme of Totalitarianism in Animal Farm.

6) QUESTIONS FROM Things Fall Apart(20marks)

- **a.** Mention the author.
- **b.** Describe the setting of the novel.
- c. How does Ikemefuna become Okonkwo's adopted son?
- **d.** Why does Nwoye convert to Christianity.
- **e.** Discuss the theme of colonization.

END